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PAYMENT POLICY ID NUMBER: 21-074

Original Effective Date: 08/01/2021

Revised: 07/13/2023

Never Event – Hospital Acquired Condition (HAC) in Inpatient Setting

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DESCRIPTION:

This policy applies to Florida Blue commercial inpatient acute care hospital claims. It applies to all participating acute care hospitals.

Hospital-Acquired Conditions (HAC)

Conditions identified by CMS that are (a) high cost, high volume, or both; (b) assigned to a higher paying diagnosis related grouping (DRG) when present as a secondary diagnosis; and (c) could reasonably have been prevented through the application of evidence-based guidelines. October 1, 2008, Medicare no longer assigned an inpatient hospital discharge to a higher paying MS-DRG if a selected HAC was not present on admission. That is, the case will be paid as though the secondary diagnosis was not present. Medicare will continue to assign a discharge to a higher paying MS-DRG if the selected condition was present on admission. The list of conditions can be revised over time. Florida Blue adopted the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) list of HACs and uses the MS DRG Grouper in effect each year, so the same process applies to our members' inpatient acute care hospital claims.

It should be noted that it is possible to have more than one complication or comorbidity (CC) or major complication or comorbidity (MCC) reported on a claim. Only CCs or MCCs that are selected as HACs will be excluded when assigning the MS-DRG. In the event there is a CC or MCC reported that is not one of the HACs, the claim may still be assigned to the higher paying MS-DRG.

There are 14 categories of HACs listed below:

1. Foreign Object Retained After Surgery
2. Air Embolism

3. Blood Incompatibility
4. Stage III and IV Pressure Ulcers
5. Falls and Trauma
6. Manifestations of Poor Glycemic Control
7. Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)
8. Vascular Catheter-Associated Infection
9. Surgical Site Infection, Mediastinitis, Following Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG):
10. Surgical Site Infection Following Bariatric Surgery for Obesity
11. Surgical Site Infection Following Certain Orthopedic Procedures
12. Surgical Site Infection Following Cardiac Implantable Electronic Device (CIED)
13. Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)/Pulmonary Embolism (PE) Following Certain Orthopedic Procedures:
14. Iatrogenic Pneumothorax with Venous Catheterization

REIMBURSEMENT INFORMATION:

As noted above, Florida Blue uses CMS's MS DRG grouping logic which takes HACs and POAs into account for the DRG assignment process while also considering all secondary diagnosis codes billed for the admission. Corresponding payment reductions because of DRG assignment logic occur when the complicating DRG and its higher weight are not used for the DRG allowance calculation. Hospitals should not bill or attempt to collect from member any reduction in allowance due to a hospital acquired condition. All future HACs passed by CMS and incorporated into the CMS DRG Grouper will be incorporated into this policy commensurate with the CMS effective date. The DRG assignment logic only impacts those claims reimbursed at the DRG allowance. Other reimbursement methodologies for commercial inpatient acute care claims will follow the process outlined below.

Florida Blue must consider and include a HAC reduction process that applies to all our inpatient hospital reimbursement methods, and not just for DRG contracts but per diem contracts as well. Florida Blue will begin to assign two DRGs internally to all inpatient hospital claims for those acute care hospitals subject to CMS's Hospital Acquired Condition and Never Event policies. This will require a weight table to be chosen and defined even for per diem agreements. An actual and alternative DRG will be used for applicable inpatient claims during claim adjudication and pricing. The actual DRG will use the submitted POA information when assigning a DRG to a claim. The alternative DRG will use a default POA of a "Y" for all HAC diagnosis codes on the claim to determine if the claim's DRGs are different and thus a HAC reduction applies.

Florida Blue is already applying a HAC reduction for those inpatient claims reimbursed at the DRG inlier, include the DRG inlier in the reimbursement calculation, or use the DRG inlier in the reimbursement calculation process. For example, low stay calculated per diem uses the DRG inlier to determine the per day reimbursement applicable and the DRG assigned is based on the current CMS DRG assignment logic thus, a HAC reduction is currently applied for this payment method. Our second dollar high charge formula adds a portion of the total covered charges to the DRG inlier thus, a HAC reduction is currently applied. This reference is not inclusive of all the reimbursement methods that fall in this category.

Florida Blue is not applying a HAC reduction for those inpatient claims that are reimbursed based on a calculation process that does not include the DRG inlier amount or does not use the inlier amount for purposes of calculating the reimbursement. For example, low stay negotiated per diem does not use the DRG inlier amount in the calculation process at all thus, a HAC reduction is currently not applied for this payment method. In addition, any methodology based on a percentage of covered charges is currently not applying a HAC reduction. This reference is not inclusive of all the reimbursement methods that fall in this category.

Florida Blue will not apply a HAC reduction for inpatient claims reimbursed solely based on per diem for room and board.

BILLING AND CODING:

Present on Admission (POA) Indicator

Florida Blue currently requires that all acute care hospitals submit a POA indicator for each diagnosis code being reported on an inpatient claim. POA indicator information is needed to identify which conditions were acquired during the hospitalization and, therefore, subject to the HAC payment provision. Following are the POA indicators:

- Y - Yes, present at the time of inpatient admission
- N - No, not present at the time of inpatient admission
- W - Clinically undetermined, the provider is unable to clinically determine whether the condition was present at the time of inpatient admission or not
- U - Unknown, the documentation is insufficient to determine if the condition was present at the time of inpatient admission
- Blank - Unreported/Not Used/ Exempt from POA reporting

GUIDELINE UPDATE INFORMATION:

08/01/2021	New policy
07/14/2022	Annual review, no changes
07/13/2023	Annual review, no changes

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